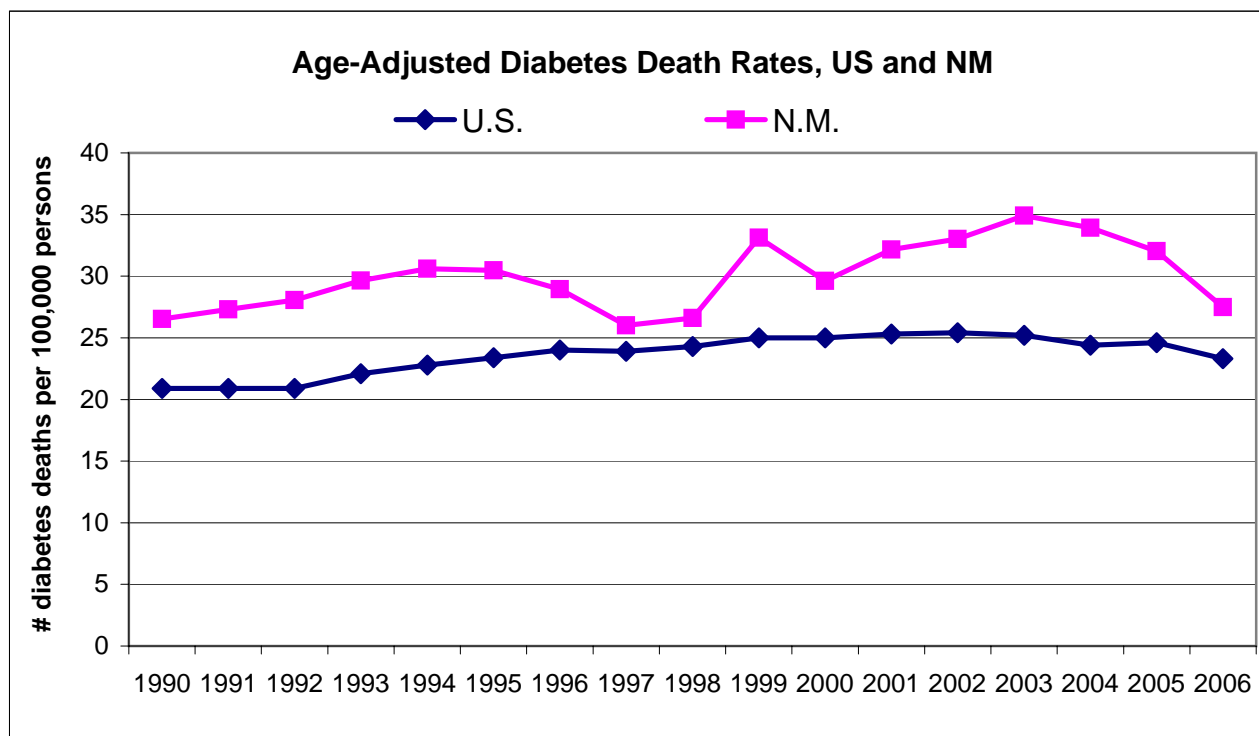


Age-Adjusted Death Rates for Diabetes as an Underlying Cause of Death

TREND

	U.S.	N.M.
1990	20.9	26.5
1991	20.9	27.3
1992	20.9	28.1
1993	22.1	29.6
1994	22.8	30.6
1995	23.4	30.5
1996	24.0	28.9
1997	23.9	26.0
1998	24.3	26.6
1999	25.0	33.1
2000	25.0	29.6
2001	25.3	32.2
2002	25.4	33.0
2003	25.2	34.9
2004	24.4	33.9
2005	24.6	32.0
2006	23.3	27.5



Interpretation: NM diabetes death rates have remained higher than the USA since 1990.

These deaths include only the deaths declared as due to diabetes as an underlying cause of death. These do not include deaths that, for example, were due to heart or kidney disease which had diabetes as a contributing condition.

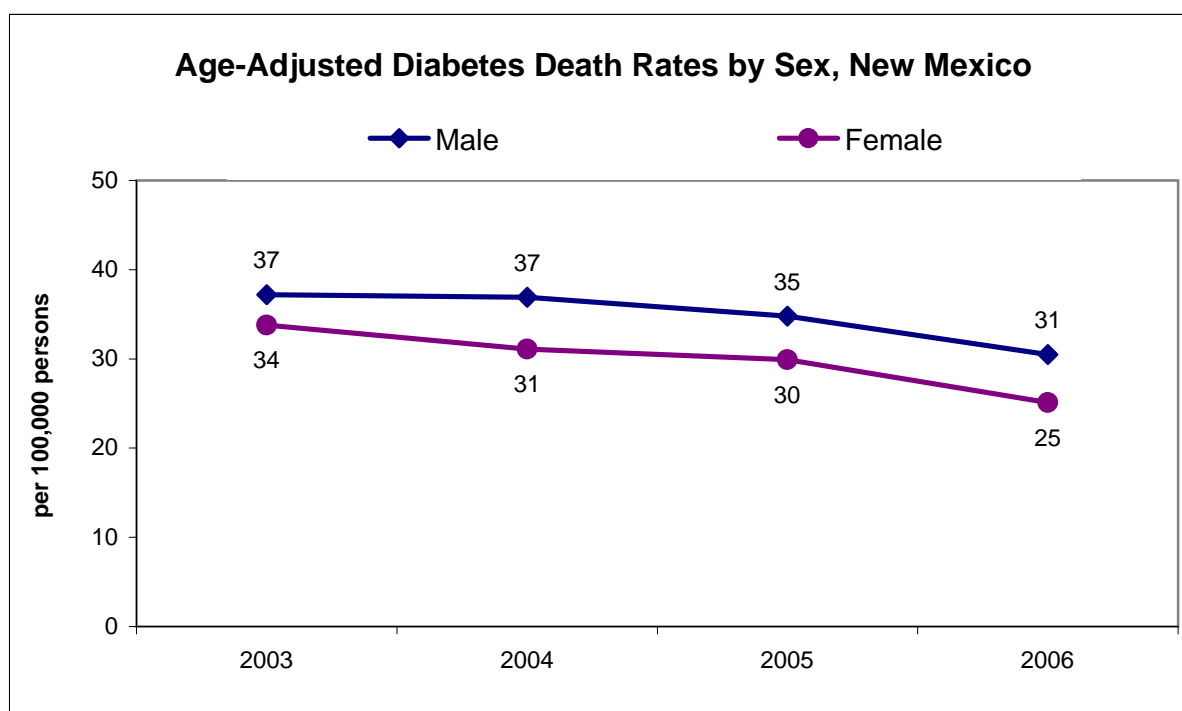
Data Source: NMDOH Bureau of Vital Records & Health Statistics Annual Reports

Age-Adjusted Death Rates for Diabetes as an Underlying Cause of Death

By SEX

Rate: # of diabetes (male or female) deaths per 100,000 (male or female) persons

	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>
2003	37.2	33.8
2004	36.9	31.1
2005	34.8	29.9
2006	30.5	25.1



Interpretation: In NM, from 2003 to 2006, males have died of diabetes at slightly higher rates than females.

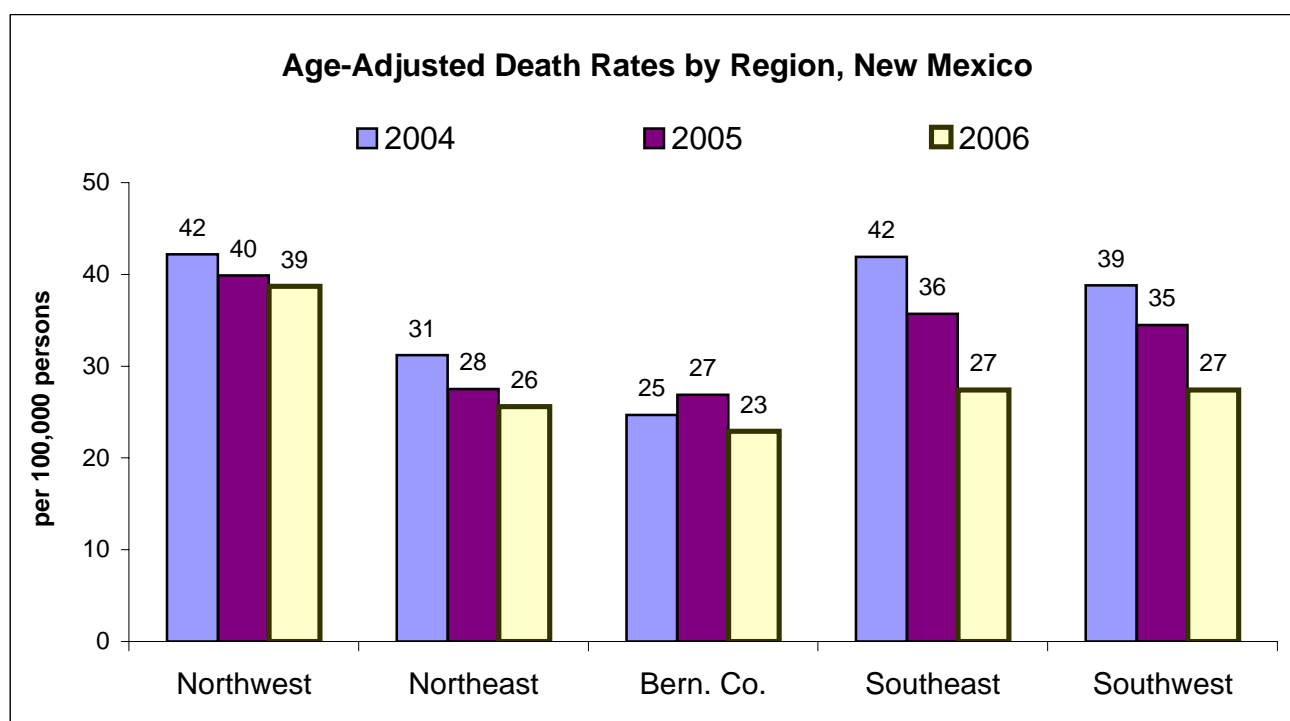
Age-Adjusted Death Rates for Diabetes as an Underlying Cause of Death

By REGION

Rate is # of diabetes deaths (of that region) per 100,000 population (of that region)

	Northwest	Northeast	Bern. Co.	Southeast	Southwest
2004	42.2	31.2	24.7	41.9	38.8
2005	39.9	27.5	26.9	35.7	34.5
2006	38.7	25.6	22.9	27.4	27.4

Note: Regions were defined differently in 2003 and prior.



Interpretation: The Northwest region of NM experienced the highest diabetes death rates, from 2004 to 2006, than the other four regions.